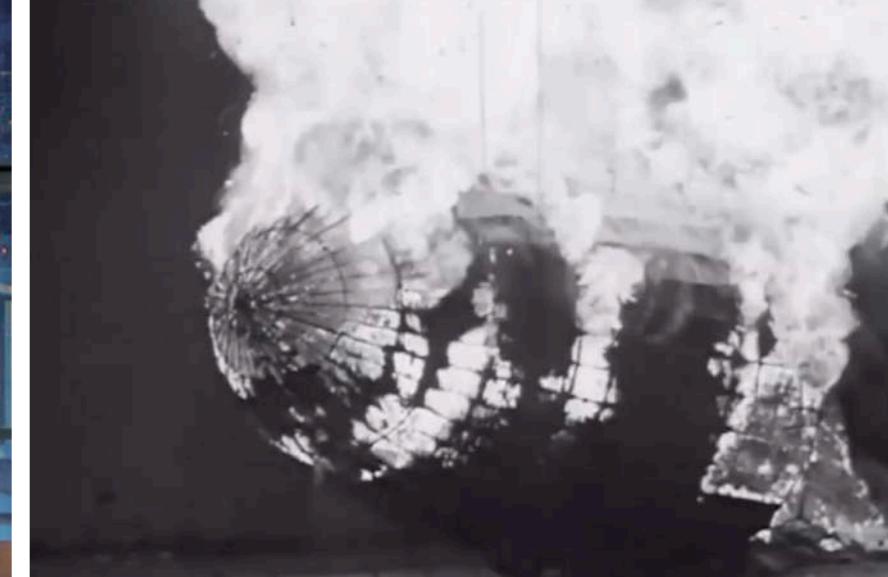


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# STANCE CONSTRUCTION IN MULTIMODAL, MULTI-MEDIA CONTEXTS

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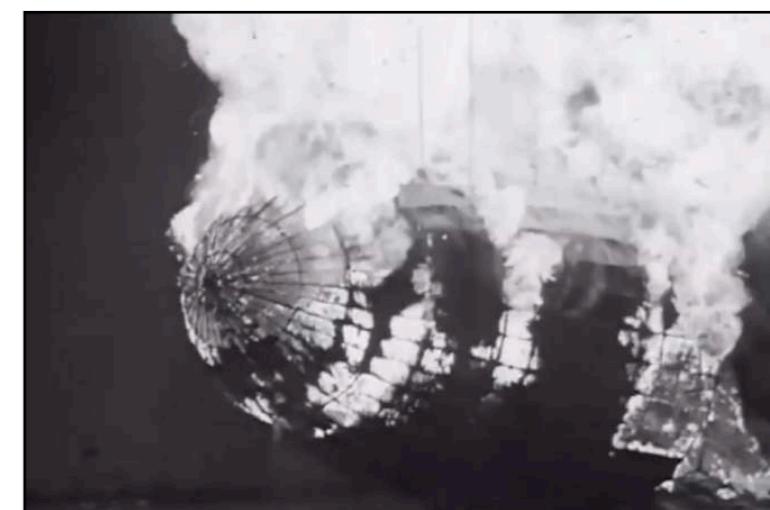
Theme Session: *Stance-stacking in language and multimodal communication*

Barbara Dancygier, Jennifer Hinnell, & Adrian Lou

ICLC-15 | August 7, 2019  
Kwansei Gakuin University  
Nishinomiya, Japan

# DISCOURSE PATTERN EMERGING

- ▶ Expression of stance, inappropriate to the situation
- ▶ Talk show host notes it and comments
  - ▶ Explains the inappropriateness of the stance
  - ▶ By providing an exaggerated/doctored example



# CONTEXT

## Stance

- ▶ Linguistic: text-based
- ▶ Multimodal, embodied
- ▶ Multimodal/multimedia, image/text

Biber & Finegan 1989, 1999

Precht 2000

Dancygier 2012

Debras 2017

Müller 2004

Dancygier & Vandelanotte 2017

## Conditionals

- ▶ Alternative spaces
- ▶ Hypothetical /counterfactual meaning

Dancygier 1998

Dancygier & Sweetser 2005

Lou 2017

Dancygier & Lou 2018

## *It's like if* construction

## Construal operations

- ▶ blending, mental spaces, humour

Brône et al. 2006

Coulson 2002, 2006

Fauconnier & Turner 2002

## CLUELESS PILOT EPISODE

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Trump: ...we need 5000 judges on the border. What other country has judges? I said, "Where are you going to find 5000 people to be judges. How many do we have now? I don't know the number. They don't even know the number even though they're in charge, okay?"

Meyers: No dude! You're in charge. That's the deal. That's like....if your pilot got on the PA and said, "Okay folks, I asked the tower what airport we're going to, and they said they don't know, and I certainly don't know either."

## 1. Trigger event/stance



**Trump:** *I don't know the number. They don't even know the number even though they're in charge.*

## 2. Commentary (on stance)



**Meyers:** *No dude! You're in charge. That's the deal.*

## 3. Similative prompt



**Meyers:** *That's like ...*

## 4. Alternative frame: analogous event/stance



*...if your pilot got on the PA and said: [...] "they said they don't know, and I certainly don't know either."*

## TRIGGER EVENT: STANCE-STACKING STARTS

### Trigger: Event 1/Speaker 1

- ▶ states the need to solve border issues

### Expected Stance

- ▶ positive epistemic stance
- ▶ accepting responsibility

### Expressed Stance

- ▶ opposite of expected stance
- ▶ negative epistemic stance
- ▶ not accepting responsibility
- ▶ *how many?; I don't know; they don't know; they are in charge*

## COMMENTARY: STACKING CONTINUES

### Rejection of Expressed Stance by Speaker 2

- ▶ stance negation
- ▶ *No dude! ... You're in charge*
- ▶ intonation & gesture make stance negation very clear
- ▶ (i.e. it is not the case that THEY are in charge)

# SIMILATIVE PROMPT

***That's...***(Refers back to negative stances expressed by Speaker 1)

***Like (if) + Event 2***

- ▶ Sets up a scale to compare Events in terms of Stance strength
  - ▶ here, the scale is the degree of negative stance involved when someone rejects responsibility
- ▶ Event 1 is weaker stance (Trump's verbal response to natural disaster) vs. Event 2, stronger stance (pilot not knowing destination airport)
- ▶ To clarify the level to which Stance 1 is inappropriate to Event 1, the commentator puts Stance 1 on the scale as analogous to an outrageously inappropriate Stance to Event 2. Importantly, Event 2 is similar to Event 1 in terms of required stance.

# ALTERNATIVE FRAME

**If** ... (setting up an imagined situation)

- ▶ ... *your pilot got on the PA*  
(the clause sets up a mental space of Event 2; the past tense indicates it is a hypothetical construction, suggesting an imagined situation)
- ▶ ... *and said*...  
(elaboration of the hypothetical mental space)
- ▶ ... *they don't know*...; ***I certainly don't know*** either  
(repetition of negative epistemic stance A-2; added stance-enhancer *certainly*)
- ▶ But overall construal of stance is higher up the scale, because abdicating responsibility in Event 2 puts lives in danger
- ▶ A **clueless pilot** is imminently more dangerous than a **clueless president**

# HOW DOES THE SCALAR MEANING EMERGE?

- ▶ The discourse pattern requires three conceptual elements:
  1. an **event** belonging to an event type, correlated with an **expected stance**
  2. The perception of mismatch, when a speaker expresses **unexpected stance**
  3. The need to express stance, **evaluating** the mismatch observed
- ▶ Another event is described, which sets-up **a scale of inappropriateness**
- ▶ This scale is **matched with the scale of evaluative stances**
  - ▶ The resulting **evaluative stance** emerges out of the **comparison** along the criterion created by the scalar construct
  - ▶ The strength of stance in these cases is negotiated constructionally, rather than lexically (as in *think* versus *know*)

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## FURTHER QUESTIONS

- ▶ What linguistic means/devices can serve as simulative prompts?
- ▶ How is alternativity used in this discourse pattern?
- ▶ How do multimedia means support stance-building pattern in the discourse?

## MEYERS HINDENBURG

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**Meyers:** *I don't want to say that Trump is out of touch with reality, so I'll let him say it.*

**Trump:** *It's been a wonderful thing. As tough as it was, it's been a wonderful thing. I think even for the country to watch and for the world to watch. It's been beautiful. Have a good time everybody. I'm gonna be doing a little help over here.*

**Meyers:** *"Have a good time, everybody." You know, it reminds me of newscaster Herbert Morrison and his commentary during the Hindenburg disaster.*

**Morrison:** *Just look at those beautiful flames arching skyward from that airship. Oh, the humanity! The humanity...is having the time of their lives. Have a good time, everybody.*

## 1. Trigger event/stance



**Trump:** *It's been beautiful. Have a good time everybody. I'm gonna be doing a little help over here.*

## 2. Commentary (on stance)



**Meyers:** *"Have a good time, everybody."*

## 3. Similative prompt



**Meyers:** You know, *it reminds me* of newscaster Herbert Morrison and his commentary during the Hindenburg disaster."

## 4. Alternative frame: analogous event/stance



**Morrison** (voice-over): *Just look at those beautiful flames arching skyward from that airship. Oh, the humanity! The humanity...is having the time of their lives. Have a good time, everybody.*

## COLBERT HINDENBURG

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**Colbert:** *Of course, every presidential visit to a disaster area must come with some inspiring words.*

**Trump:** *As tough as it was, it's been a wonderful thing. I think even for the country to watch and for the world to watch. It's been beautiful. Have a good time everybody. I'm gonna be doing a little help over here.*

**Colbert:** *"Have a good time, everybody"? Have a good time?" That's the second worst disaster response of all time.*

**Morrison (voice-over):** *It's bursting into flames. People are jumping. Oh, the humanity! Have a great time, everybody. Woo!*

## 1. Trigger event/stance



**Trump:** *It's been beautiful. Have a good time everybody. I'm gonna be doing a little help over here.*

## 2. Commentary (on stance)



**Colbert:** *"Have a good time, everybody? Have a good time?"*

## 3. Similative prompt matched event/stance scale)



**Colbert:** *That's the **second worst disaster response** of all time.*

## 4. Alternative frame (analogous event/stance)



**Morrison** (voice-over): *It's bursting into flames. People are jumping. Oh, the humanity! Have a great time, everybody. Woo!*

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# DATA COLLECTION

28 clips from YouTube & Red Hen ([redhenlab.org](http://redhenlab.org))

Discourse sequences from 4 late night talk shows

- ▶ *Late Night with Seth Meyers*
- ▶ *Late Show with Stephen Colbert*
- ▶ *Last Week Tonight with John Oliver*
- ▶ *The Daily Show with Trevor Noah*

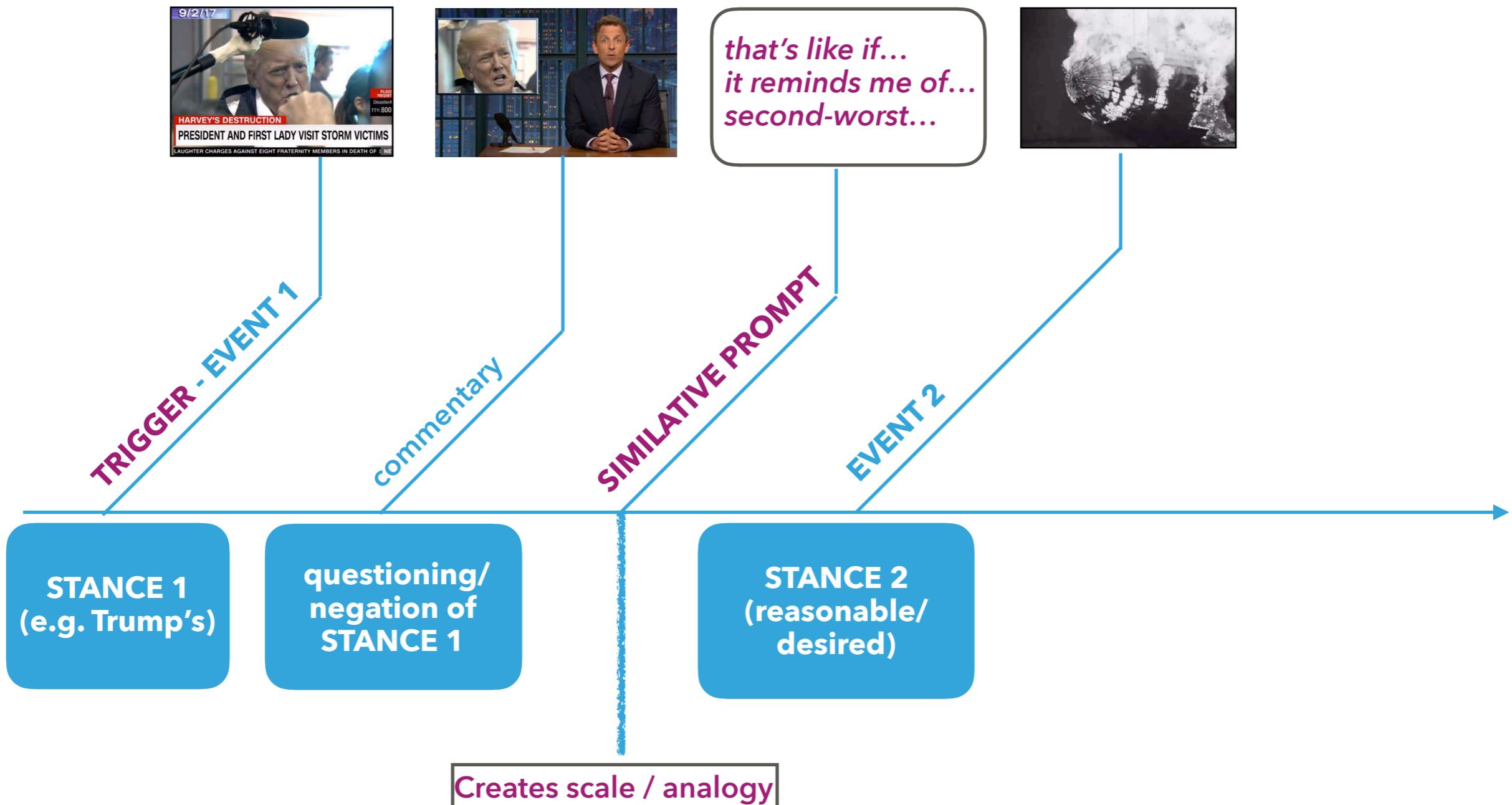
Annotated for

- ▶ simulative prompt
- ▶ multimedia resources: audio, visual, audiovisual
- ▶ type of artifact: historical, archival, etc.

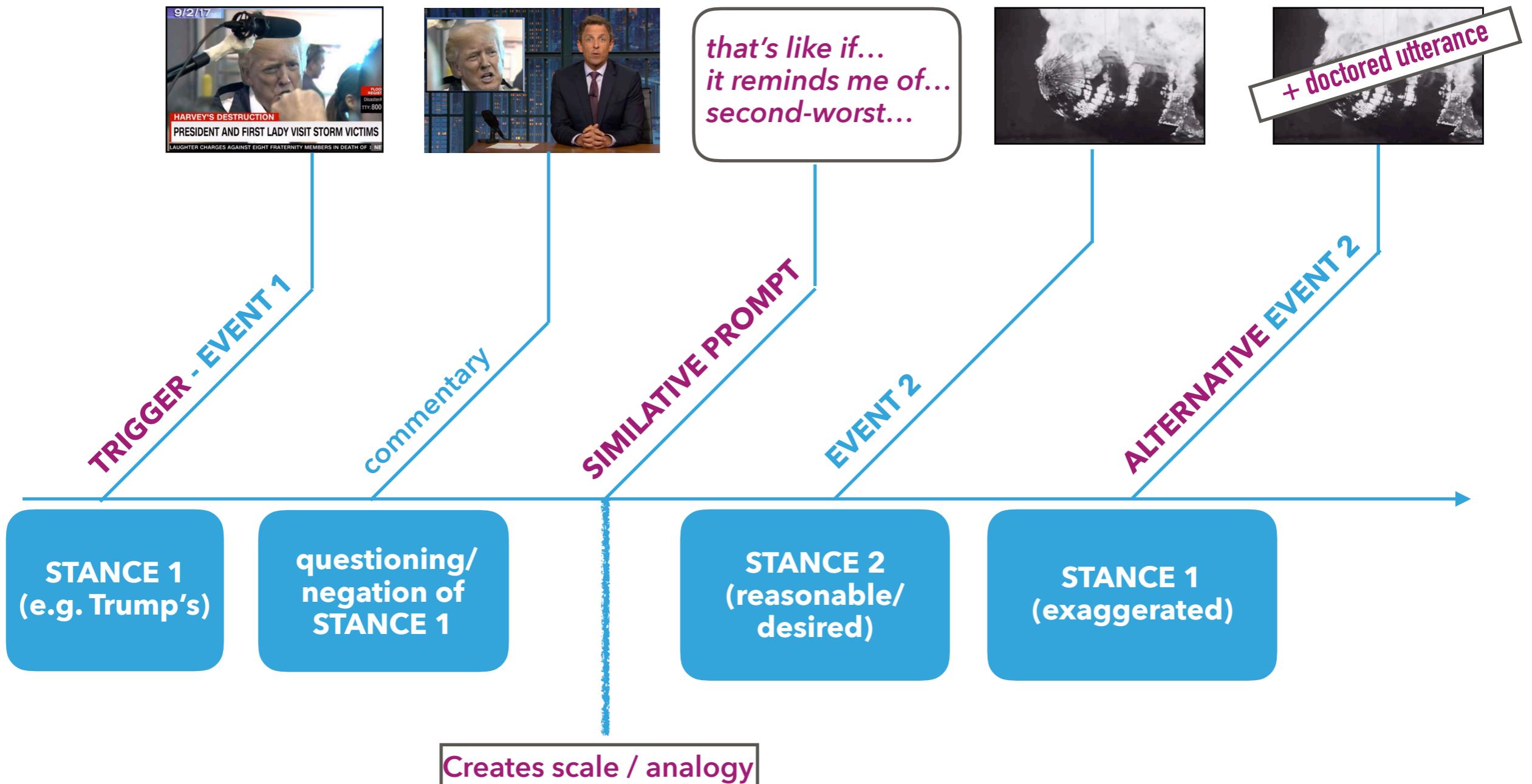
# DESCRIPTION OF DATA

MULTIMEDIA	PROMPT TYPE	PROMPT EXAMPLE	EXAMPLE	N
1. Archival footage	recall (3) comparative (2) <i>like</i> (1)	<i>it reminds me of</i> <i>second worse/worst since</i> <i>who can forget</i> <i>sounds just like</i>  <i>it's like Jesus said</i> (2) <i>I believe it was Rene Descartes</i> <i>who said</i> <i>it's just like Churchill said</i> <i>it's like if Nero had tweeted</i> <i>I don't remember Churchill</i> <i>saying</i> <i>much like Lincoln said...</i>	e.g. Hindenburg	6
2. Fabricated quote	recall (2) comparative (1) <i>like</i> (8) epistemic stance (1)	<i>that's like Paul Revere saying...</i> <i>most blatant act of nepotism</i> <i>since...</i> <i>we all remember + quote</i>  <i>this would be like if</i> <i>that's like saying</i> <i>that's like + scenario</i> <i>that's like if + scenario</i> (4)	e.g. Churchill, Descartes, Bible, Jesus, Moses, Lincoln, Nero, Nixon, Paul Revere	12
3. Verbal description	<i>like</i> (9) n/a (1)	<i>it's like X has been saying</i>	e.g. pilot, psychiatrist, 5th grader	10
TOTAL				28

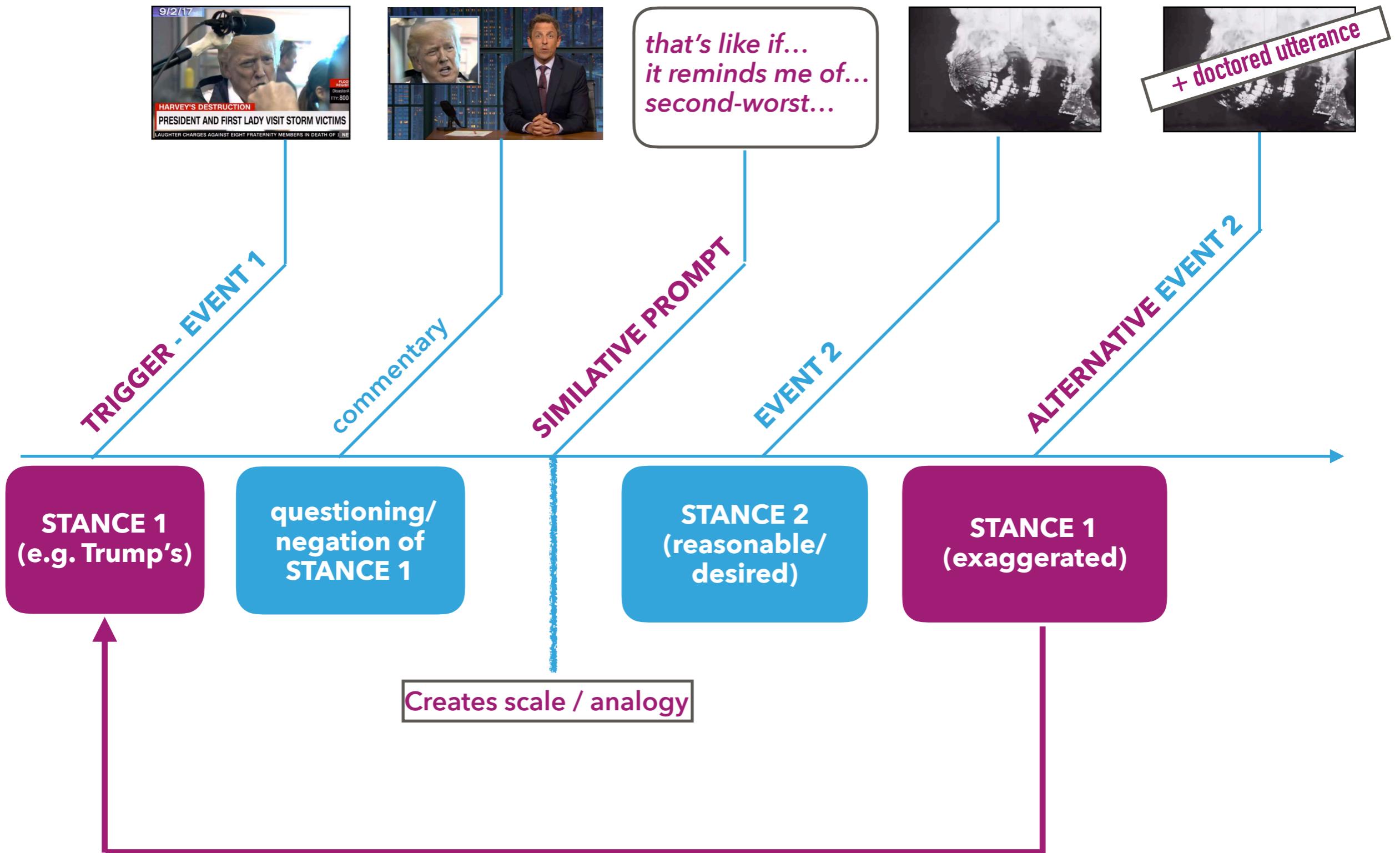
# STANCE-STACKING: A MULTIMEDIA DISCOURSE CONSTRUCTION



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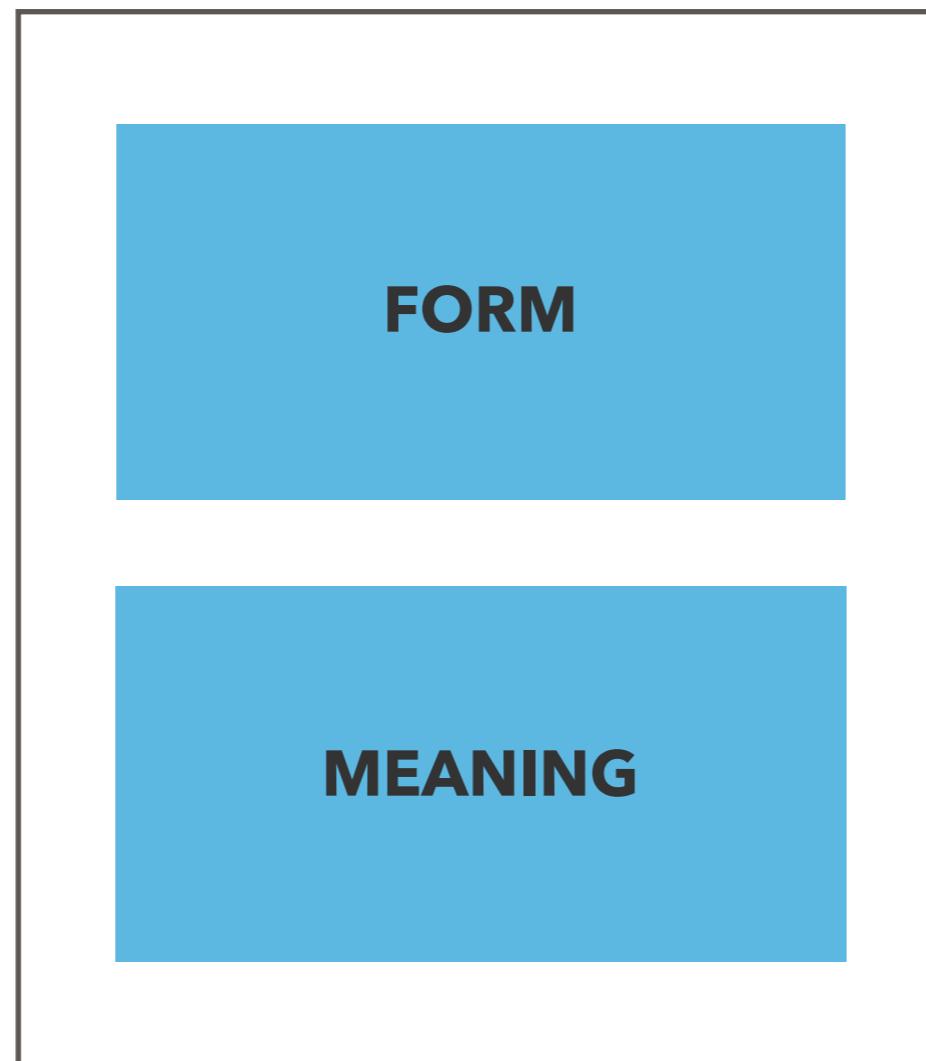


# STANCE-STACKING: A MULTIMEDIA DISCOURSE CONSTRUCTION



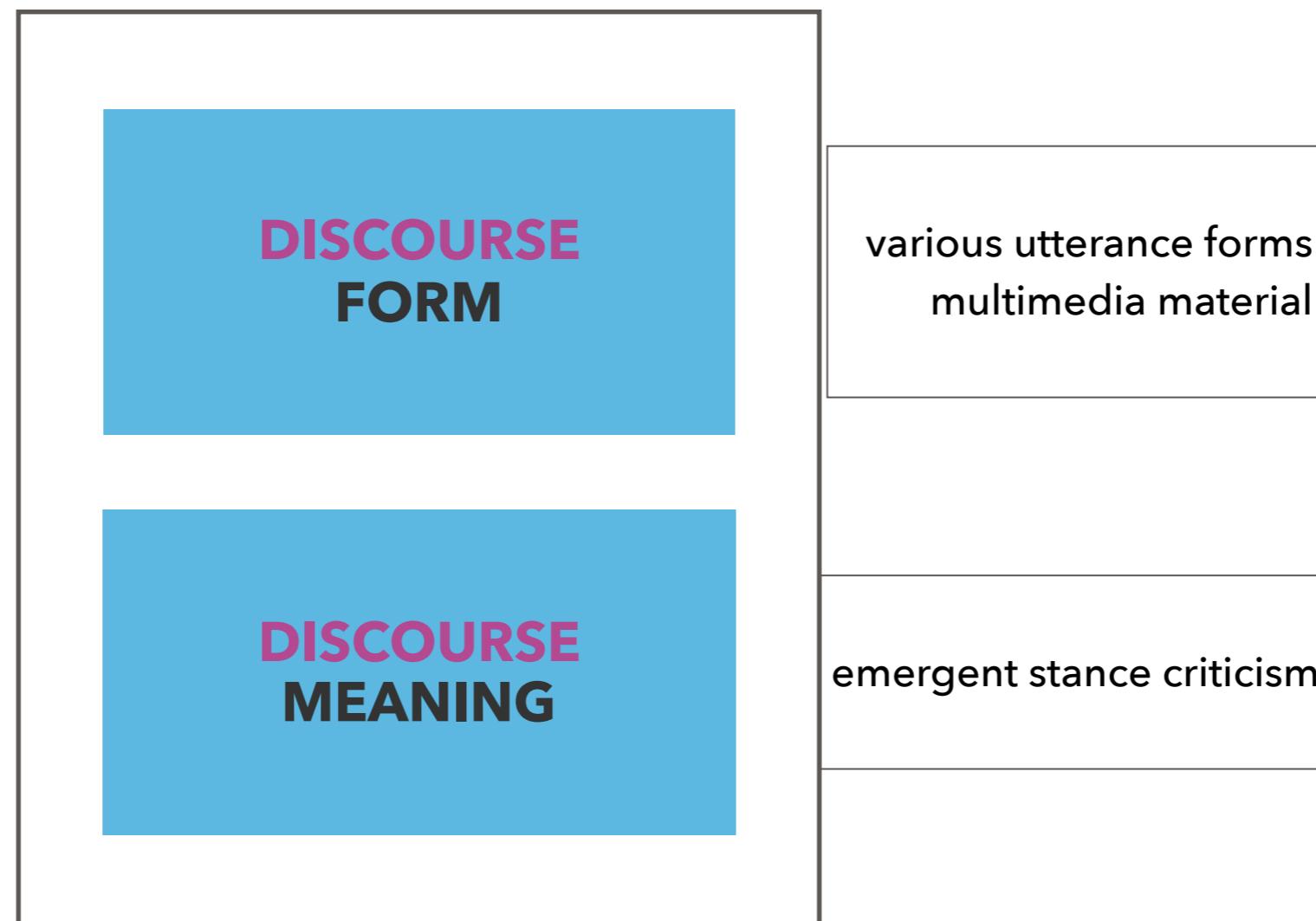
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# SO... ABOUT (STANCE) CONSTRUCTIONS



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# SO... ABOUT (STANCE) CONSTRUCTIONS





Social Sciences and Humanities  
Research Council of Canada

Conseil de recherches en  
sciences humaines du Canada



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# THANK YOU

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